

Chrysothamnus eremobius L. C. Anderson (1983)**REMOTE RABBITBRUSH****FAMILY:** *Asteraceae*, the sunflower family.**SYNONYMS:** *Ericameria eremobia***STATUS:****Heritage Program SENSITIVE LIST, ranks: G1 S1****USFWS/ESA:** species of concern. **STATE OF NEVADA:** none. **BLM:** Special Status Species. **USFS:** none.**NNNPS:** watch list.**POPULATION CENSUS:** **3 occurrences mapped** at 1.0 km (0.6 mi) separation, OR **4 occurrences mapped** at 0.16 km (0.1 mi) separation; total estimated **individuals 131+**, total estimated **area unknown**. **TREND:** unknown.**IMPACTS AND MAJOR THREATS:** No summary available (see references).**INVENTORY EFFORT:** Some targeted surveys have been conducted, but more potential habitat likely remains unexamined. Most recent entered survey 1993, average year of last survey 1984.**Years since last entered survey** (percent of mapped records at various survey ages): **6-10 yrs:** 25%; **11-20 yrs:** 50%; **21-30 yrs:** 25%.**LAND MANAGEMENT** in decreasing predominance: U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U. S. Department of Defense.**RANGE:** Clark and Lincoln counties, Nevada. Known only from the Sheep and Pintwater ranges. **Nevada endemic.** Maximum **range dimension 42.1 km (26.1 mi)** excluding most disjunct record. **Type specimen** collected in Clark County.**ELEVATIONS RECORDED:** 4850-6400 feet (1478-1951 meters).**HABITAT:** Crevices or rubble of north-facing carbonate cliffs in and just below the pinyon-juniper-Artemisia zone with *Cercocarpus intricatus*, *Hecastocleis shockleyi*, *Rhus trilobata*, *Petradoria*, etc.**PHENOLOGY:** flowering summer to early-fall. Range of most frequent **survey months:** August-October.**LIFE-FORM AND HABIT:** subshrub.**DESCRIPTION:** A low shrub, up to 4 dm tall, dying back to within about 2 dm to the ground each year. Clusters of yellow flower heads bloom atop the stems in August and September.**PHOTOGRAPHS:** Knight and Smith (1994), Knight et al. (1997); Nevada Natural Heritage Program files.**ILLUSTRATIONS:** Anderson (1983), Cronquist (1994).**OTHER GENERAL REFERENCES** (listed separately): Ackerman (1981).**SPECIFIC REFERENCES:**Anderson, L. C. 1983. *Chrysothamnus eremobius* (Asteraceae): a new species from Nevada. *Brittonia* 35: 23-27.Anderson, L. C. 1995. The *Chrysothamnus-Ericameria* connection (Asteraceae). *Great Basin Naturalist* 55: 84-88.Nesom, G. L. and G. I. Baird. 1995. Comments on "The *Chrysothamnus-Ericameria* Connection. " *Phytologia* 78: 61-65.